

## 9 자연의 세계

### 1 Vocabulary Building

Can you guess what the meanings of the words below are?

- 풀잎
- 콩
- 콩우유
- 땅콩버터
- 인공도시
- 동물원
- 토끼풀
- 새집
- 호랑이 선생
- 쥐약
- 개조심
- 강아지
- 송아지
- 망아지
- 산토끼
- 산불

## 2 Who eats what?

Match up the edibles on the right with the creatures on the left. There can be more than one answer, and thus discuss your choice with your fellow students in Korean.

- |         |     |
|---------|-----|
| 1. 개    | 개구리 |
| 2. 고래   | 과일  |
| 3. 고양이  | 과자  |
| 4. 곰    | 기린  |
| 5. 늑대   | 꿀   |
| 6. 닭    | 낙시밥 |
| 7. 돼지   | 땅콩  |
| 8. 말    | 밥   |
| 9. 뱀    | 사람  |
| 10. 사자  | 사슴  |
| 11. 상어  | 새   |
| 12. 새   | 새우  |
| 13. 생선  | 생선  |
| 14. 소   | 양   |
| 15. 여우  | 올챙이 |
| 16. 원숭이 | 쥐   |
| 17. 쥐   | 치즈  |
| 18. 코끼리 | 캥거루 |
| 19. 토끼  | 토끼풀 |
| 20. 호랑이 | 풀   |

### 3 What sign were you born under?

This is a questionnaire exercise. Ask as many of your fellow students as you can what their signs are. See Page 20 in the Explanations Book if you're not sure what your sign is.

Question: 무슨 띠세요?  
 Answer: 저는 소띠예요.

	이름	띠
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		
6.		
7.		
8.		
9.		
10.		

#### 4 Australia: What's it like?

This is a small group discussion exercise. Imagine that you are in Korea, and are being asked about Australia. What kind of things would you say? Below is a series of pairs of statements about Australia. Decide among yourselves which one of each pair is the more accurate.

- |                       |                    |
|-----------------------|--------------------|
| 1. 땅이 넓어요.            | 땅이 좁아요.            |
| 2. 인구가 많아요.           | 인구가 적어요.           |
| 3. 공기가 깨끗해요.          | 공기가 더러워요.          |
| 4. 강과 호수가 깨끗해요.       | 강과 호수가 더러워요.       |
| 5. 높은 산이 많아요.         | 높은 산이 별로 없어요.      |
| 6. 섬이 많아요.            | 섬이 적어요.            |
| 7. 화산이 많이 있어요.        | 화산이 없어요.           |
| 8. 위험한 짐승이 많아요.       | 위험한 짐승이 별로 많지 않아요. |
| 9. 호주에서 여행하는 것은 위험해요. | 호주에서 여행하는 것은 안전해요. |
| 10. 한국사람이 거의 없어요.     | 한국사람이 많아요.         |
| 11. 겨울에 눈이 많이 와요.     | 겨울에 눈이 별로 안 와요.    |
| 12. 야생 동물이 없어요.       | 야생 동물이 많이 있어요.     |
| 13. 수도는 시드니예요.        | 수도는 캔버라예요.         |
| 14. 산불이 자주 일어나요.      | 산불이 거의 일어나지 않아요.   |
| 15. Any other points? |                    |

## 5 Making Sentences: Part 1

1. Bears are violent animals. Be careful.
  
2. There's a man-made lake at the centre of Canberra.
  
3. Which animal feeds on grass; a lion, a tiger, or a deer?
  
4. Gee, it's cute!
  
5. Vienna is a beautiful city.
  
6. Do you have pets at home?
  
7. What's the longest river in our country?
  
8. Don't worry. It's safe here.
  
9. What's the biggest island in Australia?
  
10. We call the young of cats '새끼 고양이', but the young of dogs '강아지'.
  
11. Ah! It's dangerous.
  
12. Safety First.

## 6 Making Sentences: Part 2

13. Don't get rid of it. I'll use it later.
  
14. Clean sky, clean air, clean water ... This is a very good country to live in.
  
15. This is a very strange stone!
  
16. There are so many fallen leaves! It surely is autumn!
  
17. He's very ignorant of the world.
  
18. That cat is a good mouser.
  
19. Please fasten your safety belt.
  
20. Australia is huge in area, but has a small population.
  
21. Korea is small in area and dense in population.
  
22. What desert is it that is in central Australia?
  
23. In which continent is Siberia?
  
24. Do you have a map of the world? Could I borrow it?

## 7 This or that

Make sentences according to the Example.

Example

생선을 사려고 해요. (시장, 슈퍼마켓)  $\implies$  생선을 사려면 시장이나 슈퍼마켓에 가세요.  
To get some fish go to the market or the supermarket.

1. 기차표를 사려고 해요. (역, 여행사)
2. 옷을 사려고 해요. (옷가게, 백화점)
3. 사자를 구경하려고 해요. (동물원, 아프리카)
4. 그 책을 빌리려고 해요. (도서관, 교수님)
5. 점심을 먹으려고 해요. (학생식당, 근처의 음식점)
6. 볼펜을 사려고 해요. (문방구점, 가게)
7. 화장품을 사려고 해요. (백화점, 화장품 가게)
8. 아스피린을 사려고 해요. (약국, 슈퍼마켓)
9. 비누를 사려고 해요. (식품점, 슈퍼마켓)
10. 교수님을 만나려고 해요. (교수실, 도서관)
11. 영수를 만나려고 해요. (커피숍, 술집)
12. 영어를 배우려고 해요. (미국, 영국, 호주)

## 8 Making Dialogue

1. A Korean friend has asked you what kind of animals we have in Australia.
2. You reply that Australia has animals that can't be found in other parts of the world – for example, the kangaroo, the koala ...
3. Your friend asks if there are animals like monkeys, deer, lions or tigers.
4. You reply that these kinds of animals can't be found in the wild, they can only be found in the zoo.
5. So then, your friend says, there aren't any animals in Australia that are found elsewhere in the world.
6. Not quite, you answer. When the Europeans came to Australia two hundred years ago they introduced animals such as cats and dogs, and then foxes and rabbits.
7. Your friend asks if there are any dangerous animals in Australia.
8. Not really, you answer. Of course, there are snakes, but no animals dangerous to humans like lions, tigers or bears.
9. Your friend observes that when people go to the countryside they have nothing to be afraid of.
10. You say that's true, but 90% of Australia is desert, and so there are many places where there are no people at all. If, for example, the car breaks down and the weather is very hot it can be dangerous. Therefore we have to be very careful.