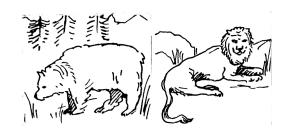
9 자연의 세계

THE WORLD OF NATURE

IN THIS UNIT ...

- The Zodiac Animals (♥)
- Expressions relating to nature
- 'This' or 'that'
- Some Auxiliary Verbs



In this Unit we look at the world of nature – the animal kingdom and describing natural scenery. We learn how to describe the natural environment in Australia and also in Korea.

1 Conversation: Korean wildlife

Robert is talking to 태우 about Korean wildlife.

Robert: 한국에는 어떤 동물들이 있어요?

태우: 동물이요? ... 많지요, 뭐. ... 개도 있고, 고양이도 있고 ...

Robert: 아니요, 그런 동물말고, 왜 있잖아요, 그 ... 곰, 사자 같은

동물이요.

태우: 아, 야생 동물이요? 글쎄요.

Robert: 한국에는 호랑이가 없지요?

태우: 옛날에는 있었는데 지금은 없어진 것 같아요. 물론, 동물원에

가면 많이 있지만요 ...

Robert: 그래요? 야생 호랑이는 왜 없어졌어요?

태우: 글쎄요. 우리나라가 땅은 좁은데 인구가 많아서 그렇지

않을까요? 아마 시베리아 같은 곳에는 아직도 호랑이가 있을

거예요.

Robert: 여우하고 늑대는 어때요? 아직도 있지요?

태우: 글쎄요, 여우하고 늑대도 지금은 거의 없어졌을 거예요. 사람도

사람이지만, 공해 때문에 말이에요.

Robert: 그럼, 시골에 가도 무서운 게 별로 없겠네요.

태우: 네, 그저 난폭 운전자만 조심하세요.

Language Notes

- 동물: animal
- 곰: bear
- 사자: *lion*
- 짐승: beast
- 야생: wild
- 호랑이: tiger
- 동물원: zoo
- 없어지-: disappear; cf. 없- (there isn't/aren't ...) 없애- (to get rid of)
- 땅: land
- 좁-: be narrow
- 인구: population
- 많-: be many
- 적-: be few
- 시베리아: Siberia
- 여우: fox
- 늑대: wolf
- 시골: country side
- 무섭-: scary
- 난폭: violence; 난폭하-: be violent
- 운전자: driver
- 조심하-: take care of

- NOUN (이)요?: Similar to "Did you say NOUN?"
- ···, 뭐: Similar to "···, *I suppose*." (By saying "···, 뭐" the speaker is indicating that "···" is not a very important piece of information.)
- NOUN 말고: not NOUN ...
- 왜 있잖아요: Similar to "... you know ..." (The literal meaning of this expression is "why do you say you don't know it (or there aren't any of it)?")
- \supset ...: Similar to "... *uhm* ..."
- 물론: of course
- 곳: place (시베리아 같은 곳: places like Siberia)
- ○}□}: *perhaps, probably*
- 아직 vs 아직도: yet vs still
- 거의: almost
- "사람도 사람이지만": "People may be a problem but what is worse is ..."
- 공해 때문에: because of air pollution
- 별로: not particularly

2 Animals

쥐	rat/mouse	사자	lion
호랑이	tiger	코끼리	elephant
토끼	rabbit	사슴	deer
용	dragon	곰	bear
뱀	snake	여우	fox
말	horse	늑대	wolf
원숭이	monkey/ape	강아지	puppy
물고기	fish	새끼…	the young of animals
생선	(edible salt-water) fish	애완 동물	pet
상어	shark	야생 동물	wild animal
새	bird	동물원	Z00

3 Some Verbs and Others

귀엽-	cute	상징하-	symbolise
난폭하-	violent, wild	비교하-	compare, contrast
위험하-	dangerous	거의	almost, nearly
안전하-	safe	인내심	patience, endurance
사교적이-	sociable	호기심	curiosity
조심하-	take caution	[17]	zodiac sign, belt, sash
죽이-	kill	성격	character, natural disposition
없어지-	disappear	운세	luck, fortune
		1	

4 The Zodiac Animals (□)

Koreans use the symbolical animals of the Chinese zodiac calendar in much the same way as Westerners use zodiacal signs. Depending upon what year we were born in, we come under the influence of a certain animal. Our personality traits are associated with that animal, eg those born in the year of the ox are said to be hard-working, those born in the year of the tiger are said to be brave, etc, and our fortunes are influenced by our sign as well. The symbolic animals go in cycles of twelve. Consult the following list to see which sign you come under.

1960 - 1972 - 1984	쥐띠
1961 - 1973 - 1985	소띠
1962 - 1974 - 1986	호랑이띠/범띠
1963 - 1975 - 1987	토끼띠
1964 - 1976 - 1988	용띠
1965 - 1977 - 1989	뱀띠
1966 - 1978 - 1990	말띠
1967 - 1979 - 1991	양띠
1968 - 1980 - 1992	원숭이띠
1969 - 1981 - 1993	닭띠
1970 - 1982 - 1994	개띠
1971 - 1983 - 1995	돼지띠

Useful Sentences

1.	나는 쥐띤데, 무슨 띠예요?	My sign's the mouse. What's yours?
2.	쥐띠는 성격이 어때요?	How's the mouse's disposition?
3.	다음 주 쥐띠 운세가 어때요?	What do they say about the mouse's fortune next week?

5 Some More Useful Words

나무	tree	바람	wind
나뭇잎	leaves	섬	island
풀	grass	반도	peninsula
돌	stone	대륙	continent
호수	lake	세상	the (human) world
강	river	세계	the (physical) world, the earth
화산	volcano	길-	long
지진	earthquake	짧-	short
사막	desert	예를 들-	give an example
땅	earth, land	인공	artificial, man-made
하늘	sky	인구	population
공기	air, atmosphere	도시	city
구름	cloud	한 가운데에	at the centre of

6 This or that ...

When we want to link two (or more) alternatives we say

NOUN1 - (이)나 NOUN2

EXAMPLES

이거나 저거나 다 괜찮아요.

Either this or that will do.

늑대나 여우나 모두 위험해요.

Wolves or foxes – they are all dangerous.

한국어나 중국어나 일본어를 공부하세요. Study Korean, Chinese or Japanese.

번역이나 통역이나 다 어려워요.

Translating or interpreting – they're both difficult.

When the alternatives involve verbs we say

··· VST1 - 거나··· VST2 ···

EXAMPLES

잠을 자거나 음악을 들으세요.

Go to bed or listen to music.

토요일에는 요리를 하거나 그림을 그려요. On Saturdays I cook or paint.

일요일에는 책을 읽거나 정원가꾸기를 해요. On Sundays I read or do gardening.

글쎄요, 도서관에서 공부하거나 운동장에서 축구를 하고 있을 거예요.

Well, he might be studying in the library or playing soccer at the sports ground.

7 Some Auxiliary Verbs

7.1 I have done and put it aside

When we want to show that we've done something for later use, not for immediate use, we can say

EXAMPLES

비행기표는 벌써 사 놓았어요. I've already bought the plane ticket (for my upcoming trip). 단어는 다 외워 두었어요. I've already memorised the words (for later use). 지수한테 말해 두었어요. I've already had a word with Jisu (about some pending matter). 책은 찾아 놓았어요. I found the book and it's with me. And I'll look at it later).

7.2 It's become ...

When we want to focus attention on a process of change, we can say

EXAMPLES

한국어가 많이 어려워졌어요. Korean has become more difficult for me.
말이 아주 빨라졌어요. He's now speaking much faster.
날씨가 많이 추워졌어요. It's become much colder.
책이 없어졌어요. The book's disappeared.

7.3 I've finished them all!

When we want to focus attention on the completeness or thoroughness of an action we can say

EXAMPLES

우유는 제가 다 먹어 버렸어요. I've finished the milk.
미안합니다. 잊어 버렸어요. I'm sorry. I (completely) forgot.
잊어 버리세요. Forget it! / Put it out of your mind!
그 편지 빨리 부쳐 버리세요. Post this letter quickly!

8 Some Sentences

- 1. 곰은 난폭한 짐승이에요. 조심하세요.
- 2. 아유, 너무 귀여워요.
- 3. 고양이의 새끼는 '새끼 고양이'지만, 개의 새끼는 '강아지'예요.
- 4. 아, 위험해요!
- 5. 안전제일
- 6. 걱정하지 마세요. 여기는 안전해요.
- 7. 없애지 마세요. 나중에 쓸 거예요.
- 8. 그 도시 한 가운데에 인공 호수가 있어요.
- 9. 깨끗한 하늘, 깨끗한 공기, 깨끗한 물... 여기는 아주 살기 좋은 나라예요.
- 10. 이 돌은 참 이상하게 생겼네요.
- 11. 나뭇잎이 많이 떨어졌네요. 이젠 가을이에요.
- 12. 그 사람은 세상 일을 잘 몰라요.
- 13. 저 고양이는 쥐를 잘 죽여요.
- 14. 그 사람은 기차에서 떨어져서 죽었어요.
- 15. 안전띠를 하세요.
- 16. 호주는 땅은 아주 넓지만, 인구는 적어요.
- 17. 한국은 땅이 좁고 사람이 많은 나라예요.

Translations

is a very strange stone! 11. There are so many fallen leaves! It surely is autumn! 12. He's very ignorant of the world. 13. That cat is a good mouser. 14. He fell off a train and was killed. 15. Please fasten your safety belt. 16. Australia is huge in area, but has a small population. 17. Korea is small in area and dense in population.

I. Bears are violent animals. Be careful. 2. Gee, it's cute! 3. We call the young of cats ' λ | \mathbb{N} | $\mathbb{L}\mathcal{B}$ \circ |', but the young of dogs ' \mathbb{R} | \circ | \times |'. 4. Ah! It's dangerous. 5. Safety First 6. Don't worry. It's safe here. 7. Don't get rid of it. I'll use it later. 8. There's a man-made lake at the centre of the city. 9. Clean sky, clean air, clean water ... This is a very good country to live in. 10. This water ...