

A comparison of heterosexual & GLBT participants: same same but different?

Rachel Sutherland

Medicine

National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre





I AM GAY.
I AM STRAIGHT.
I AM LESBIAN.
I AM BISEXUAL.
I AM TRANSGENDERED.
I AM HUMAN.

Shared by Pride PAC

What is the EDRS?



Ecstasy and Related Drugs Reporting System



Participants: Regular ecstasy users (REU)

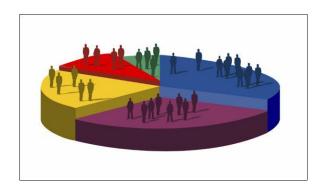
Main Drugs: Ecstasy, methamphetamines, cocaine, GHB, Ketamine, LSD, analogues, cannabis etc.

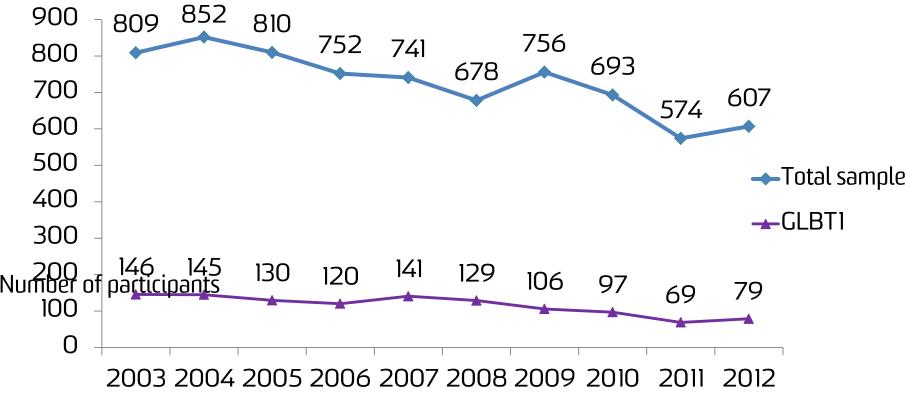
Three main components:

- 100 face-to-face interviews with REU;
- Key expert interviews (e.g. law, health and industry personnel);
- 3. Population indicator data (e.g. hospital admissions, overdose deaths, Australian Crime Commission data etc).



Sample size, 2003-2012 → Total & GLBT

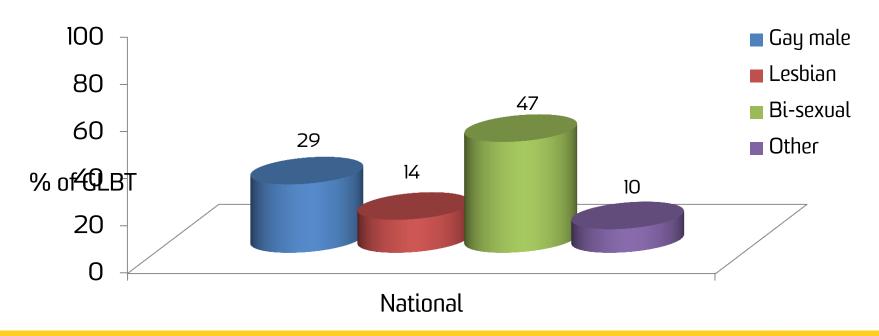






GLBT participants, 2012

	National N=607	NSW	ACT	VIC	TAS	SA	WA	NT	QLD
GLBT %	13	18	16	10	19	10	4	17	11



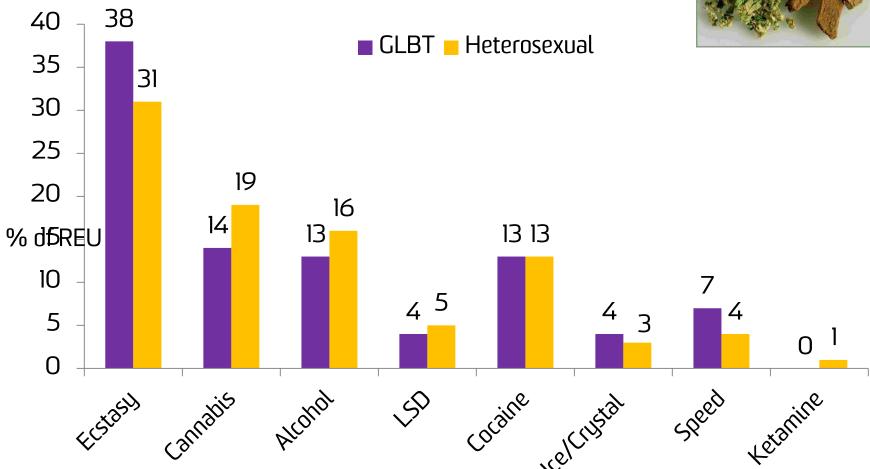


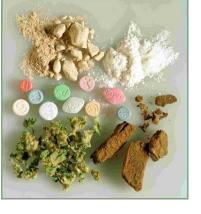


National data	GLBT N=77	Heterosexual N=529
% male	47*	68
age (median)	24*	23
% English-speaking background	99	97
Aboriginal and/ or Torres Strait Islander	5	2
Mean no school years	12	12
Unemployed	17	15
Drug treatment	4	5



Patterns of Drug Use → drug of choice, 2012

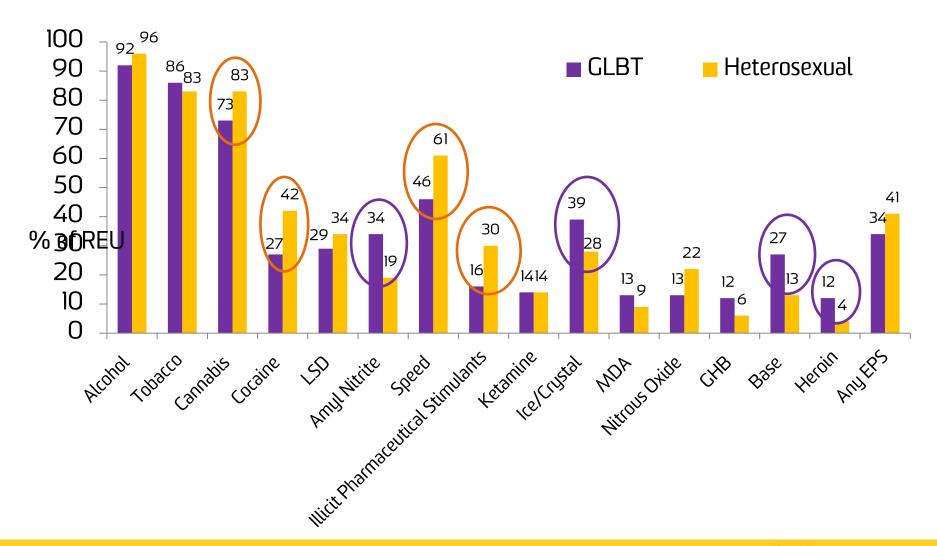






Patterns of drug use

→ drugs used recently, 2012





Sexual practices last 6 months, 2012



	GLBT % N=76	Heterosexual % N=529
Casual sex in past 6 months	66	68
Sex on drugs last time with casual partner#	86	93
Ecstasy Alcohol Cannabis Speed Ice/crystal Cocaine Amyl nitrate	72* 44 33 26* 19 12 12*	53 55 41 7 12 8 1
Used protection last time with casual partner^	54	54
Sexual health check up (past year)	51	41
STI diagnosis (past year)	10	5

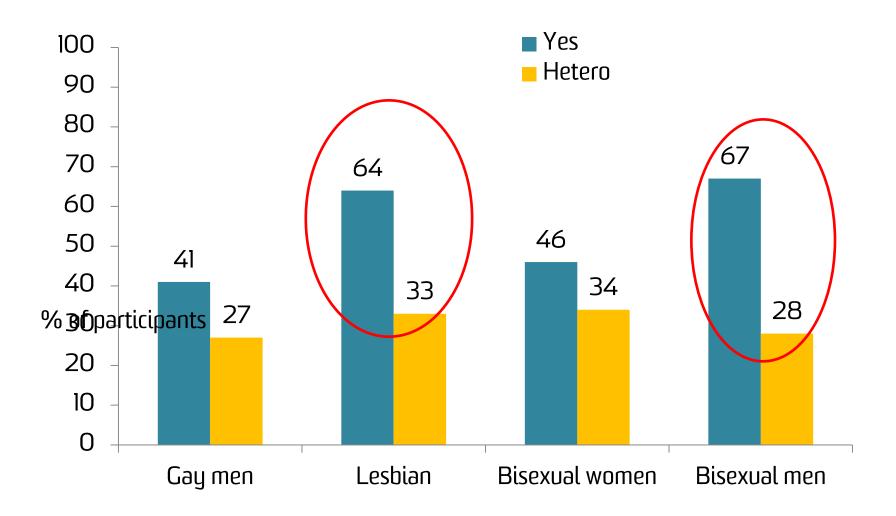


Mental health issues, 2012

	GLBT % N=76	Heterosexual % N=529
Self reported MH problem last 6 months	50*	29
Depression Anxiety Paranoia PTSD Panic	36* 29* 12* 7* 5	17 16 3 1 2
Attended a health professional	35*	22
Prescribed medication# Antidepressants Benzodiazepines Antipsychotics	40 67 50 21	40 64 55 28

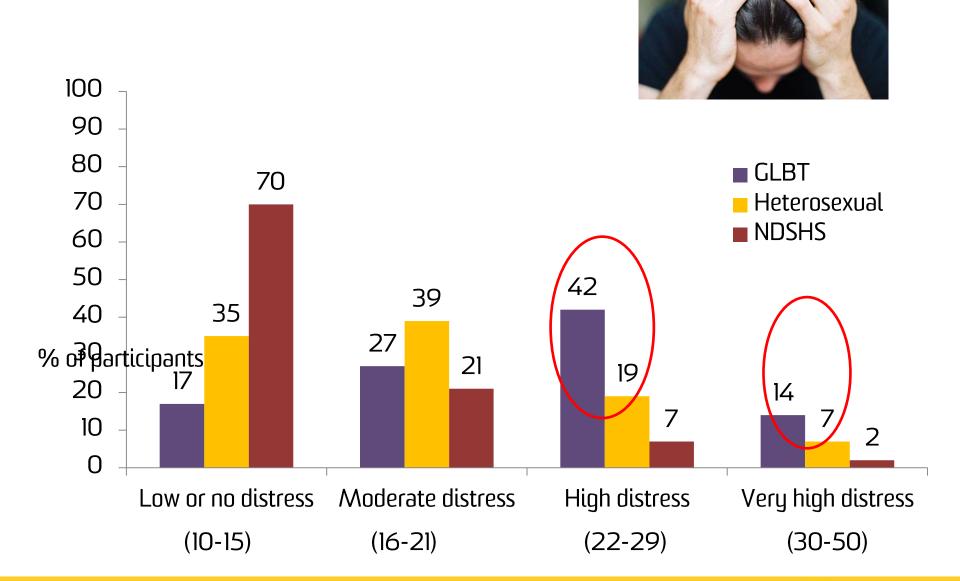


Self reported MH problems among GLBT, 2012





Psychological Distress, 2012





Risky practices (1), 2012



	GLBT %	Heterosexual %
Binged on stimulants (past 6 months)	46	38
Use other drugs with ecstasy^	92	87
Use other drugs to come down^	69*	54
Alcohol <5 drinks Alcohol >5 drinks Tobacco Cannabis GHB Benzodiazepines	10* 16* 18 43 1 8	3 8 15 40 <1 10

Risky Practices (2), 2012



	GLBT %	Heterosexual %
Ever injected a drug	29*	14
Lifetime stimulant overdose	24	34
Lifetime depressant overdose	28	32
Driven after taking drugs (% of those who drove recently)	49	59
Arrested in past 12 months	15	14
Committed a crime in the last month (drug dealing, property crime, fraud, violent crime)	40	38
Ever been to prison	5	5



Body image, 2012





	GLBT %	Heterosexual %
Used psycho-stimulants to control weight (ever)	23*	10
Concern about gaining weight	30*	10
Concern lost too much weight	15	12
Weight gain desirable	11	16
BMI: <18.5 (underweight) 18.5-25 (normal) >25 (overweight)	10* 58 31	4 68 29



Body image, 2012







	Male %			Female %		
	Gay	Hetero	Bi	Lesbian	Hetero	Bi
Used psycho-stimulants to control weight (ever)	29***	6	18	9	20	29
Concern about gaining weight	14	6	9	27	20	58***
BMI: <18.5 (underweight)	0	3	18**) 14	7	17



Summary: same same.....

Heterosexual & GLBT participants both:

- Nominated ecstasy as their drug of choice
- Had high levels of alcohol and tobacco use
- ➤ Were sexually active → had similar rates of casual sex whilst under the influence of drugs, unprotected sex, STI testing
- Had similar rates of bingeing, overdose, drug driving and criminal activity



Summary: same same..... but different..



However, GLBT participants were significantly more likely to:

- Have recently used amyl nitrate, ice, heroin and base (and less likely to have used cannabis, cocaine, speed and illicit pharmaceuticals)
- Use drugs to come down from ecstasy
- Have ever injected a drug
- Have higher levels of psychological distress
- ➤ Report MH problems → depression, anxiety, paranoia & PTSD.
- Have attended a mental health professional
- Report body image concerns



Implications

- GLBT community continues to suffer higher levels of MH problems than their heterosexual peers:
 - → Prevention
 - → Stigma & discrimination
 - → Treatment (GLBT sensitive services)
- ➢ Body image concerns → particularly among gay men and bisexual men/women.
- ➤ High levels of sexually risky behaviours among GLBT and heterosexual participants → safe sex campaigns.





- Same love, Macklemore & Ryan Lewis

support it.

