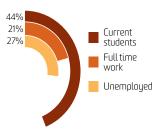
## 2022 SAMPLE CHARACTERISTICS



In 2022, 104 participants, recruited from Adelaide, SA were interviewed.



The median age in 2022 was 26, and 50% identified as male.



In the 2022 sample, 44% were enrolled students, 21% were employed full time and 27% were unemployed.



Participants were recruited on the basis that they had consumed ecstasy and/or other illicit

stimulants at least monthly in the past 6 months.

Other stimulants

# PAST 6 MONTH USE OF SELECTED DRUGS

Ketamine

LSD

Hallucinogenic mushrooms

GHB/GBL/ 1,4-BD

Amyl nitrite

Nitrous oxide (nangs)

Non-prescribed e-cigarettes

























62% 2022

\*p<0.050; \*\*p<0.010; \*\*\*p<0.001

# MENTAL HEALTH AND SEXUAL HEALTH BEHAVIOURS

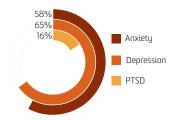


MH issue

37%

Seen a MH professional

In the total sample, 61% self-reported a mental health issue and 37% had seen a mental health professional in the past 6 months.



Of those who had a mental health condition, the three most common mental health issues reported were anxiety (58%), depression (65%) and PTSD (16%).

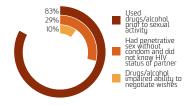


Reported sexual activity

31%

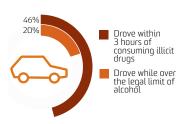
Had an STI test

In the total sample, 69% reported sexual activity in the past 4 weeks, and 31% had a sexual health check in the past 6 months.



Sexual risk behaviours among those who reported any sexual activity in the past four weeks and were able to comment

### OTHER RISK BEHAVIOURS

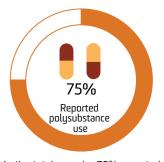


Among recent drivers, 46% reported driving a vehicle within 3 hours of consuming illicit drugs and 20% while over the legal limit of alcohol.

2021

2022

In the 2022 sample, 23% reported a non-fatal depressant overdose in the previous 12 months, stable relative to 2021 (23%).



In the total sample, 75% reported concurrent use of two or more substances on the last occasion of ecstasy or related drug use.

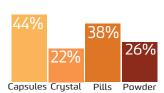


Stimulants and depressants

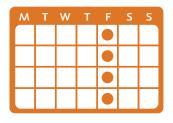
Stimulants, depressants and cannahis

The most commonly used combinations of drug classes on the last occasion of ecstasy or related drua use.

#### **ECSTASY**



Past 6 month use of ecstasy capsules, crystal, pills, and powder in 2022.



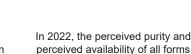
Of those who had recently consumed ecstasy, 17% reported



2 Capsules 2 Pills



0.40 grams of crystal 0.30 grams of powder



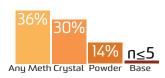
of ecstasy remained stable in

2022 relative to 2021.

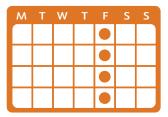
weekly or more frequent use.

Median amounts of ecstasy consumed in a 'typical' session using each form.

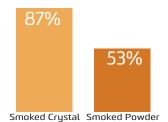
### **METHAMPHETAMINE**



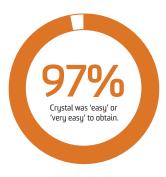
Past 6 month use of any methamphetamine, crystal, powder and base in 2022.



Of those who had recently consumed methamphetamine, 43% reported weekly or more frequent use.

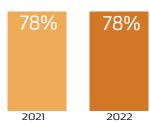


87% of participants who had recently used crystal smoked it. Of those who had recently used powder, 53% smoked it.

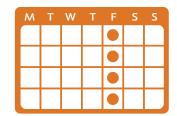


Of those who could comment, 97% perceived crystal methamphetamine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

## COCAINE



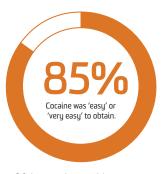
Past 6 month use of any cocaine remained stable between 2021 and 2022.



Of those who had recently consumed cocaine, 14% reported weekly or more frequent use.



In 2022, the median price of a gram of cocaine remained stable at \$350.



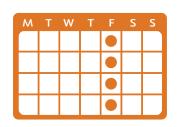
Of those who could comment, 85% perceived cocaine to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.

## **CANNABIS AND/OR CANNABINOID REL**

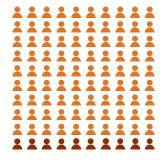


75% 2022

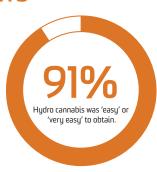
Past 6 month use of non-prescribed cannabis and/ or cannabinoid related products remained stable between 2021 and 2022.



Of those who had recently consumed non-prescribed cannabis and/or cannabinoid related products, 67% reported weekly or more frequent use.



Of participants who had consumed non-prescribed cannabis and/or cannabinoid related products in the last 6 months, 90% had smoked it.



Of those who could comment, 91% perceived hydro to be 'easy' or 'very easy' to obtain.