

Introduction

Brief overview of the roles of pharmacists and pharmaceutical

Importance of math skills in these professions

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Basic Arithmetic

- · Addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division
- · Importance in calculating dosages and quantities
- · Examples: Calculating doses, measuring liquids





Algebra

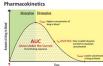
- · Solving equations and inequalities
- Importance in understanding drug formulations and interactions
- Examples: Dose calculations, adjusting medication based on patient needs, compounding
- C₁V₁=C₂V₂

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Calculus

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- Understanding rates of change and areas under curves
- Importance in pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics
- Examples: Drug absorption rates, concentration-time curves



Statistics

- · Descriptive and inferential statistics
- · Importance in clinical trials and research
- Examples: Analyzing data, determining efficacy and safety of drugs, pharmacoepidemiology/pharmacovigilance

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Unit Conversions

- · Converting between different units of measurement
- Importance in ensuring accurate dosages
- Examples: Converting milligrams to grams, milliliters to liters, parts to metric units

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Graphing and Data Interpretation

- · Plotting and interpreting graphs
- Importance in visualizing data trends and outcomes
- Examples: Dose-response curves, patient data charts

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Problem-Solving Skills

- Applying mathematical concepts to real-world scenarios
- · Importance in troubleshooting and optimizing treatments
- Examples: Adjusting dosages, solving compounding problems

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Technology and Software

- · Using mathematical software and tools
- Importance in modern pharmacy and pharmaceutical research
- Examples: Pharmacy management software, statistical analysis tools, modelling

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Take home message

 Encouraging students to develop strong math foundations



Thank you

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